TOWN OF OXFORD, MARYLAND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2015

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Commissioners Town of Oxford, Maryland

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Town of Oxford, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Town of Oxford, as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position, and where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General and Enterprise Funds for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplemental Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted the 10 year pension schedule required by GASB 68 that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Oxford's basic financial statements. The Balance Sheets - Governmental Fund (Schedule A), the Statements of Net Position - Enterprise Fund (Schedule B), and the Analysis of Revenue and Expenditures/Expenses - Budget and Actual - All Fund Types (Schedules C and D), are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedules referred to in the previous paragraph are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, those schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated September 24, 2015, on our consideration of the Town of Oxford's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Town of Oxford's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Seaford, Delaware September 25, 2015

Lank, Johnson + Tul

This Discussion and Analysis is intended to be an easily readable analysis of the Town of Oxford's financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions or conditions. This analysis focuses on current year activities and should be read in conjunction with the financial statements that follow.

Report Layout

In addition to Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), the report consists of government-wide statements, fund financial statements, notes to the financial statements, and supplemental information. The first several statements are highly condensed and present a government-wide view of the Town's finances. Within this view, all Town operations are categorized and reported as either governmental or business-type activities. Governmental activities include basic services such as police, public works, parks and recreation, community development and general government administration. These government-wide statements are designed to be more corporate-like in that all activities are consolidated into a total for the Town.

Basic Financial Statements

- The Statement of Net Position focuses on resources available for future operations. In simple terms, this statement presents a snapshot view of the assets the community owns, the liabilities owed and the net difference. The net difference is further separated into amounts restricted for specific purposes and unrestricted amounts.
- The Statement of Activities focuses on gross and net costs of Town programs and the extent to which such programs rely upon general tax and other revenues. This statement summarizes and simplifies the user's analysis to determine the extent to which programs are self-supporting and/or subsidized by general revenues.
- Fund Financial Statements focus separately on major Governmental Funds and Proprietary Funds. Governmental Fund statements follow the more traditional presentation of Financial Statements. A budgetary comparison is presented for all funds. Statements for the Town's Proprietary Funds follow the Governmental Funds and include net position, revenue, expenses and changes in net position, and cash flow.
- The notes to the Financial Statements provide additional disclosures required by governmental accounting standards and provide information to assist the reader in understanding the Town's financial condition.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE TOWN AS A WHOLE

The Town's combined net position increased by 9% from 2014 to 2015, which is the result of the Town being able to meet operational costs as well as to fund capital improvements with current revenues, grants, and investment earnings, without incurring any substantial new debt (See table below). Governmental fund net position decreased by 8%, while the business-type funds increased by 29%. The increase in the business-type funds was the result of State grant funding for the wastewater treatment plant upgrades.

Town of Oxford Net Position (in millions)

		4-1	D .	Т.	Т.	Total	
	2015	nmental 2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	Percentage Change
Current and Other Assets	1.32	1.61	2.13	1.57	3.45	3.18	8%
Capital Assets	1.85	1.80	2.06	1.87	3.91	3.67	7%
Deferred Outflows	0.02	0.06	-	2	0.02	0.06	(67%)
Total Assets and Deferrals	3.19	3.47	4.19	3.44	7.38	6.91	7%
Long-Term Debt	-	=	0.81	0.88	0.81	0.88	(8%)
Other Liabilities	0.51	0.55	0.10	0.01	0.61	0.56	9%
Total Liabilities	0.51	0.55	0.91	0.89	1.42	1.44	-1%
Net Position							
Capital Assets Net of Debt	1.85	1.80	1.25	0.99	3.10	2.79	11%
Restricted	0.38	0.39	-		0.38	0.39	(3%)
Unrestricted - Restated	0.45	0.73	2.03	1.56	2.48	2.29	8%
Total Net Position	2.68	2.92	3.28	2.55	5.96	5.47	9%

The Town's total revenues increased by 23% to \$2.23 million (See table below). Revenue from business-type activities increased 65% to \$1.04 million. The increase is attributable to the State grants for the new waste water treatment plant and tax revenue used for the Storm Water Management/Shoreline Protection Fund. Governmental revenues were steady.

The total cost of all programs increased by 1%. Costs of business-type activities increased minimally by 5% to \$.61 million. Governmental activities decreased by 1% to \$1.13 million.

Town of Oxford Change in Net Position (in millions)

	Governn	nental	Business	s-Туре	Total	Total Percentage	
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	Change
Program Revenue							
Fees, Fines, Services	0.08	0.08	0.78	0.63	0.86	0.71	21%
Operating Grants	0.01	0.01			0.01	0.01	-
Capital Grants	0.06	:-	0.26	-	0.32	-	100%
General Revenue							
Taxes	1.04	1.10		-	1.04	1.10	(5%)
Total Revenue	1.19	1.19	1.04	0.63	2.23	1.82	23%
Program Expenses							
General	0.49	0.52	-	-	0.49	0.52	(6%)
Public Safety	0.24	0.21		-	0.24	0.21	14%
Public Works	0.29	0.33	in the	-	0.29	0.33	(12%)
Parks and Recreation	0.11	0.08	:-	-	0.11	0.08	38%
Storm Water and Shoreline	-		0.09	-	0.09	-	100%
Water and Sewer	_	15	0.52	0.58	0.52	0.58	(10%)
Total Expenses	1.13	1.14	0.61	0.58	1.74	1.72	1%
Excess(Deficiency)	0.06	0.05	0.43	0.05	0.49	0.10	390%
Transfers In/(Out)	(0.30)	(0.25)	0.30	0.25	-	(4	
Change in Net Position	(0.24)	(0.20)	0.73	0.30	0.49	0.10	390%
Net Position Beginning - Restated	2.92	3.12	2.55	2.25	5.47	5.37	2%
Net Position Ending	2.68	2.92	3.28	2.55	5.96	5.47	9%

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The original budget was amended once during the current fiscal year to adjust certain line items.

General Fund revenues of \$1,190,130 exceeded budgeted revenues by \$66,069, or 6%, due primarily to the State grant for the dog park and boat landing.

General Fund expenditures of \$1,185,653 were over budgeted expenditures by \$120,862, or 11%. This unfavorable variance was due mainly to capital outlay projects that were not budgeted.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2015, the Town had \$3.91 million invested in capital assets, including police equipment, park and recreation facilities, buildings, land, vehicles, and water and sewer system improvements.

Town of Oxford Capital Assets Net of Depreciation (in millions)

	Govern	nmental	Busines	s-Type	Total		
	2015	2014	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	
Land	0.02	0.02		=:	0.02	0.02	
Buildings	0.67	0.70	-	*	0.67	0.70	
Improvements	0.08	0.05	-	-	0.08	0.05	
Equipment	1.00	0.94	-	20	1.00	0.94	
Vehicles	0.08	0.09	-	-	0.08	0.09	
Water and Sewer	-		2.06	1.87	2.06	1.87	
Total Capital Assets	1.85	1.80	2.06	1.87	3.91	3.67	

Note 4 of the Notes to Basic Financial Statements gives further details of the Town's capital asset activity.

<u>Debt</u>

At year-end, the Town had \$.81 million in bonds and notes outstanding, versus \$.88 million last year, a decrease of \$.07 million.

Town of Oxford

Debt
(in millions)

	Gover	nmental	Business-	Туре	Total		
	2015	<u>2014</u>	2015	2014	2015	2014	
Water Tower	-	*	0.27	0.29	0.27	0.29	
Water Arsenic Removal	-		0.54	0.59	0.54	0.59	
Total Debt	r = 81	-	0.81	0.88	0.81	0.88	

Note 5 of the Notes to Basic Financial Statements gives further details of the Town's debt activity.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

The Town's Governmental revenues, although demonstrating a slight increase over Fiscal Year 2014, for the seventh concurrent year are still less than revenues collected prior to Fiscal Year 2009, with the bulk of the deficiency still resulting from the drastic reduction in shared State Highway User Revenues beginning in FY 2010. There has been a slight increase in State Highway User Revenue sharing in recent years, but nothing nearing the pre 2010 funding that municipalities were receiving to fund roads maintenance and resurfacing. This decrease in annual revenues requires continued conservative budgeting of funds and presents concerns regarding infrastructure maintenance and replacement. The Town has utilized prior year reserves to continue to provide the services and maintenance the community is accustomed to, but at some point the Commissioners may have to review this trend. The Governmental Funds have sufficient reserves at this time to maintain most infrastructure and the Town will continue to be cautious in future budgets if the revenue stream continues to remain stagnant.

The Town's Enterprise Funds or Business-Type Funds continue to run with a small surplus each year allowing future funding of major equipment repairs and replacement. For FY 2015, the Town incorporated a third Business-Type function into their Enterprise endeavors, identified as Storm Water Management and Shoreline Improvements, which included revenues generated by an additional .03 cents per \$100 of real property tax directed to the Fund, resulting in annual dedicated revenues of \$100,000. The intention is to utilize and leverage the new funding to provide the needed management and improvements to the infrastructure.

The Town increased water rates by 7% in FY 2015 to fund the increased debt service incurred in 2011 for the Arsenic Removal System, along with the increased operational cost, including an estimated \$50,000 for media replacement to operate the Arsenic System. Other costs for the Water System should remain fairly level with a slight increase for electricity and supplies.

The Town's Wastewater System has been in serious need of a complete upgrade to comply with acceptable standards of discharge. The Town has successfully acquired grant and loan funding for an 8.8 million dollar renovation of the facility with a potential construction start date in 2016. Even with anticipated grants covering nearly 80% of the cost, the Enterprise revenues will need to increase to cover the anticipated debt service for the remaining loan amount and the anticipated operational cost increase. For FY 2015, the Town increased sewer rates by 7% in advance of this need to begin preparation for the upgrade. The annual increases will continue as the Town moves toward the construction of this system in order to maintain the necessary revenues to allow for such a major upgrade and the resulting operational cost.

The Town of Oxford's budgeted revenues provide a sufficient level of anticipated services to the community and the Town has suitable surplus for any planned or emergency capital expenditures. The addition of the Storm Water Management/Shoreline Protection Enterprise Fund with dedicated revenues will continue this fiscal responsibility by planning for and eventually implementing infrastructure improvements to provide the community protection from storm water and significant tidal impacts.

FINANCIAL CONTACT

The Town's Financial Statements are designed to present the users (citizens, taxpayers, customers, and creditors) with a general overview of the Town's finances and to demonstrate the Town's accountability. If you have any questions about the report or need additional financial information, please put your request in writing to the attention of the Town Administrator-Clerk/Treasurer - Town of Oxford, Oxford, Maryland 21654.

TOWN OF OXFORD GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2015

<u>ASSETS</u>		Governmental Activities		Business-Type <u>Activities</u>		Total
Cash Accounts Receivable Notes Receivable - Water and Sewer Bonds Capital Assets:	\$	1,286,977 34,176	\$	1,691,908 427,451 13,590	\$	2,978,885 461,627 13,590
Land Buildings Equipment Improvements Vehicles Construction In Progress Accumulated Depreciation	4	20,232 1,119,940 266,259 1,252,607 218,099 17,309 (1,043,009)		1,438,761 2,379,033 115,376 285,679 (2,154,757)		20,232 1,119,940 1,705,020 3,631,640 333,475 302,988 (3,197,766)
Total Assets		3,172,590		4,197,041		7,369,631
Deferred Outflow of Resources	,	18,376	,			18,376
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows	\$,	3,190,966	\$.	4,197,041	\$,	7,388,007
<u>LIABILITIES</u>						
Accounts Payable Non-Current Liabilities: Due within one year Due in more than one year Net Pension Liability	\$	53,051 - 456,180	\$	99,218 64,420 752,789	\$	152,269 64,420 752,789 456,180
Total Liabilities	•	509,231	15	916,427		1,425,658
NET POSITION						
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted - Restated		1,851,437 384,795 445,503	3=	1,246,883 2,033,731	-	3,098,320 384,795 2,479,234
Total Net Position	\$	2,681,735	\$_	3,280,614	\$_	5,962,349

GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

n Net Position		Total	(418,755)	(218,783)	(288,873)	(49,713)	(976,124)		13,346	415,538	428,884	(547,240)	
Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position	Business-Type	Activities	9	ı.	Ñ	•	i i		13,546	415,538	428,884	428,884	
Net (Expenses) R	Governmental	Activities	\$ (418,755) \$	(218,783)	(288,873)	(49,713)	(976,124)		•27	•	(1 4)	(976,124)	
	Capital Grants and	Contributions	69	() (()	16	57,774	57,774		·	256,864	256,864	\$ 314,638	
Revenues	Operating Grants and	Contributions	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	14,116		1	14,116		•		4	\$ 14,116	
Program Revenues	Fees, Fines, and Charges	for Services	\$ 73,445	4,585	i:	r	78,030	100,000	100,000	684,119	784,119	\$ 862,149	General Revenues:
	,	Expenses	\$ 492,200	237,484	288,873	107,487	1,126,044	727 70	80,034	525,445	612,099	\$ 1,738,143	
		Program Activities	Governmental Activities General Government	Public Safety	Public Works	Parks and Recreation	Total Governmental Activities	Business - Type Activities	Stoffil water and Shoreline	Water and Sewer	Total Business-Type Activities	Total Government	

	867,399	79,424	637	3,844	35,928	50,913	2,786	•	1,040,931	493,691	5,468,658	\$ 5,962,349
		Ē	٠	1	•	ě	721	302,934	303,655	732,539	2,548,075	\$ 3,280,614
	867,399	79,424	637	3,844	35,928	50,913	2,065	(302,934)	737,276	(238,848)	2,920,583	\$ 2,681,735
Taxes:	Property Taxes, Penalties, and Interest	Local Income Tax	Amusement Tax	Franchise Tax	Highway Use Tax	Accomodations Tax	Interest Income	Transfers In/(Out)	Total General Revenues	Change in Net Position	Net Position - Beginning - Restated	Net Position - Ending

THE ACCOMPANYING NOTES ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THESE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

EXHIBIT C

TOWN OF OXFORD BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUND JUNE 30, 2015

<u>ASSETS</u>		General Fund
Cash Accounts Receivable	\$	1,286,977 34,176
Total Assets	\$ =	1,321,153
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES		
Liabilities: Accounts Payable	\$	53,051
Fund Balance: Assigned Unassigned	_	384,795 883,307
Total Fund Balance	-	1,268,102
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ _	1,321,153
Amounts Reported For Governmental Activities in The Statement of Net Position Are Different Because:		
Total Fund Balance	\$	1,268,102
The deferred outflow of resources are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental fund's balance sheet		18,376
Capital assets and related accumulated depreciation used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental fund's balance sheet.		1,851,437
The net pension liability is not a financial resource and therefore is not reported in the governmental fund's balance sheet	_	(456,180)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ _	2,681,735

TOWN OF OXFORD STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

GOVERNMENTAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Revenues:		General Fund
Property Taxes Intergovernmental Licenses and Permits Other Agencies Rents Investment Income Miscellaneous	\$	867,399 169,865 11,103 67,641 60,154 2,065 11,903
Total Revenues	-	1,190,130
Expenditures: Current: General Government Public Safety Public Works Parks and Recreation Capital Outlay Total Expenditures	-	417,744 222,784 253,183 102,613 189,329
Excess of Revenues over Expenditures		4,477
Other Financing Sources Transfer In/(Out)	-	(302,934)
Net Change in Fund Balance		(298,457)
Fund Balance - Beginning	:: -	1,566,559
Fund Balance - Ending	\$=	1,268,102

TOWN OF OXFORD

EXHIBIT E

\$ (238,848)

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Net Change in Fund Balance - Total Governmental Fund	\$	(298,457)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Pension plan adjustments related to GASB 68 affect the amount of pension expense reflected in the financial statements		5,235
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the government-wide statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount of capital assets recorded in the current period.		189,329
Depreciation expense on capital assets is reported in the government- wide statement of activities, but it does not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, depreciation expense is not reported as an expenditure in governmental funds.	_	(134,955)

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

TOWN OF OXFORD STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

		Budget	ed Ar	nounts		41		Favorable
		Original		Final		Actual Amounts		(Unfavorable) Variance
Revenues:		Original	7	Tillal		Amounts	-	Variance
Property Taxes	\$	872,412	\$	864,900	\$	867,399	\$	2,499
Intergovernmental		227,679		161,142		169,865		8,723
Licenses and Permits		10,383		10,659		11,103		444
Other Agencies		15,500		13,625		67,641		54,016
Rents		62,200		60,950		60,154		(796)
Investment Income		1,700		1,060		2,065		1,005
Miscellaneous	-	2,350	-	11,725	_	11,903		178
Total Revenues	_	1,192,224	-	1,124,061	_	1,190,130		66,069
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General Government		391,275		357,500		417,744		(60,244)
Public Safety		213,800		219,921		222,784		(2,863)
Public Works		369,445		341,020		253,183		87,837
Parks and Recreation		94,900		89,900		102,613		(12,713)
Capital Outlay	9	107,500	-	56,450		189,329	8=	(132,879)
Total Expenditures	_	1,176,920	-	1,064,791		1,185,653		(120,862)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
over/(under) Expenditures		15,304		59,270		4,477		(54,793)
Other Financing Sources:								
Operating Transfers In/(Out)	:	(302,934)	-	(302,934)	2	(302,934)	0.	<u></u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and								
Other Sources over/(under) Expenditures		(287,630)		(243,664)		(298,457)		(54,793)
Fund Balance - Beginning	-	1,566,559	_	1,566,559	-	1,566,559	-	<u></u>
Fund Balance - Ending	\$_	1,278,929	\$ =	1,322,895	\$_	1,268,102	\$ _	(54,793)

TOWN OF OXFORD STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - ENTERPRISE FUND JUNE 30, 2015

ASSETS

ASSE15	
Current Assets:	
Cash	\$ 1,691,908
Accounts Receivable	427,451
Total Current Assets	2,119,359
Total Carrent Assets	2,117,557
Capital Assets:	
Equipment	1,438,761
Improvements	2,379,033
Vehicles	115,376
Construction in Progress	285,679
Accumulated Depreciation	(2,154,757)
Total Capital Assets	2,064,092
Other Assets:	
Notes Receivable - Water and Sewer Bonds	13,590
Total Assets	\$4,197,041
<u>LIABILITIES</u>	
Current Liabilities:	
Accounts Payable	\$ 99,218
Current Portion of Long Term Debt	64,420
Current Forman of Bong Form Boot	
Total Current Liabilities	163,638
N 0 (111111)	
Non-Current Liabilities:	752 700
Long-Term Debt - Net of Current Portion	752,789
Total Liabilities	916,427
NET POSITION	
Total Control of the	1.046.000
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	1,246,883
Unrestricted	2,033,731
Total Net Position	3,280,614
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$4,197,041

TOWN OF OXFORD STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION BUDGET AND ACTUAL - ENTERPRISE FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	-	Budgete	d Ar	nounts			Favorable
	_	Original	_	Final	-	Actual Amounts	(Unfavorable) Variance
Operating Revenues: Charges for Services Rents Plumbing Permits Storm Water/Shoreline Property Taxes Bay Restoration Fee	\$	600,470 38,326 400 100,000 35,000	\$	605,200 40,958 215 100,000 35,000	\$	611,470 36,653 642 100,000 35,354	\$ 6,270 (4,305) 427
Total Operating Revenues	_	774,196	_	781,373		784,119	2,746
Operating Expenses: Water and Wastewater Administrative Costs Water and Wastewater Operations Water and Wastewater Shared Costs Storm Water and Shoreline Costs	_	228,750 305,500 161,500 200,000	_	217,850 244,800 153,400 107,300		195,068 237,548 92,829 86,654	22,782 7,252 60,571 20,646
Total Operating Expenses	_	895,750	_	723,350		612,099	111,251
Operating Income (Loss)	_	(121,554)	_	58,023		172,020	113,997
Non-Operating Revenue: Grants Investment Income	_	955	_	240	3	256,864 721	256,864 481
Total Non-Operating Revenue	-	955	=	240	,	257,585	257,345
Income/(Loss) Before Transfers		(120,599)		58,263		429,605	371,342
Transfers	_	302,934	_	302,934	,	302,934	<u>-</u>
Change in Net Position		182,335		361,197		732,539	371,342
Net Position - Beginning	_	2,548,075	_	2,548,075		2,548,075	
Net Position - Ending	\$_	2,730,410	\$_	2,909,272	\$	3,280,614	\$ 371,342

TOWN OF OXFORD STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS ENTERPRISE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Cash Flows from Operating Activities:		
Cash Received from Customers	\$	473,171
Rents		36,653
Plumbing Permits		642
Cash Payments for Interest		(13,973)
Cash Payments to Employees for Services		(161,726)
Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services		(222,639)
Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities		112,128
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities:		
Transfers - General Fund	-	302,934
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:		
Payments Received on Water and Sewer Bonds		1,624
MDE Grant Proceeds		256,864
Purchase of Capital Assets		(322,213)
Retirement of Debt	_	(63,739)
Net Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities		(127,464)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:		
Investment Income		721
Net Increase in Cash		288,319
Cash - Beginning	:(1,403,589
Cash - Ending	\$	1,691,908
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities:		
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	172,020
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities:		,
Depreciation		126,693
Change in Accounts Receivable		(273,653)
Change in Accounts Payable	_	87,068
Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities	\$	112,128

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

A. General Statement

The Town of Oxford is located on the Eastern Shore of Maryland and has a population of approximately 771 people. Some of the major services provided by the Town include water and sewer, trash removal, parks and recreation, planning and zoning, improvements, and public safety.

The accounting and reporting policies of the Town relating to the funds included in the accompanying basic financial statements conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to state and local governments. Generally accepted accounting principles for local governments include those principles prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants in the publication entitled <u>Audits of State and Local Governmental Units</u> and by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (when applicable).

The more significant accounting policies of the Town are described below.

B. Financial Reporting Entity

The Town's basic financial statements include the accounts of all Town operations. The criteria for including organizations as component units within the Town's reporting entity is set forth in Section 2100 of GASB's Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, as amended by GASB 61.

Based on this criteria, the Town of Oxford has no component units.

C. Basis of Presentation

The Town's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the Town as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the Town's major funds). Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type.

Government-wide Financial Statements:

The statement of net position and the statement of activities report information on all of the activities of the Town. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given program are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific program. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given program and 2) operating or capital grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements:

The Town segregates transactions related to certain functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Separate statements would normally be presented for governmental and proprietary activities. These statements present each major fund as a separate column on the fund financial statements; all non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Town or meets the following criteria:

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED):

C. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

- a. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
- b. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

Governmental funds are those funds through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The measurement focus of governmental funds is on the sources, uses and balance of current financial resources.

The Town has presented the following major funds:

General Fund

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the Town. This fund is used to account for all financial resources not accounted for in other funds. All general tax revenues and other receipts that are not restricted by law or contractual agreement to some other fund, are accounted for in this fund. General operating expenditures, fixed charges, and capital improvement costs that are not paid through other funds are paid from the General Fund.

Enterprise Fund

The Enterprise Fund is used to account for the provision of water and sewer to the residents of the Town, as well as for storm water management and shoreline protection. Activities of the fund include administration, operations and maintenance of the water and sewer system, the storm water management system, and the protection of the Town's shoreline, along with billing and collection activities. The fund also accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, long-term debt principal and interest for water and sewer debt. All costs are financed through charges to taxpayers and/or utility customers with rates reviewed regularly and adjusted, if necessary, to ensure integrity of the funds.

D. Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus refers to what is being measured; basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurement made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The government-wide statements and fund financial statements for proprietary funds are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized at the time the liability is incurred.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual; i.e., when they become both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The Town considers all Governmental Revenue as available if it is collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED):

D. Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting (Continued)

The revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, licenses, charges for services, and intergovernmental revenues. All other Governmental Fund revenues are recognized when received.

E. Budgetary Control

The Town Clerk submits an annual budget to the Commissioners in accordance with the Town Charter. At least sixty days prior to the new fiscal year, the Commissioners adopt the annual fiscal year appropriated budget for Town operating funds. These include General, Public Safety, Public Works, Parks and Recreation, and Water and Sewer. Once approved, the Commissioners may amend the legally adopted budget when unexpected modifications are required in estimated revenues and appropriations.

Each fund's appropriated budget is prepared on a detailed line item basis. Revenues are budgeted by source. Expenditures are budgeted by department and class. This constitutes the legal level of control. Expenditures may not exceed appropriations at this level. All budget revisions at this level are subject to final review by the Commissioners. Within these control levels, management may transfer appropriations without Commissioners approval.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - General Fund presents a comparison of budgetary data to actual results. The General Fund utilizes the same basis of accounting for both budgetary purposes and actual results.

F. Cash and Investments

The Town follows the practice of segregating cash as to fund purpose or type.

The types of investments allowed are governed by Maryland Statute.

The Town considers all cash or investments with an initial maturity of one year or less to be cash.

G. Accounts Receivable

Management of the Town considers all accounts receivable to be fully collectible; accordingly, no allowance for doubtful accounts has been provided. If amounts become uncollectible, they will be charged to operations in the period the receivable is deemed uncollectable.

H. Property Taxes

Property taxes are billed each July 1 for the fiscal year. Full payment is due by September 30. January 1 is the delinquent and levy date for all taxes.

I. <u>Transactions Between Funds</u>

Legally authorized transfers are treated as inter-fund transfers and are included in the results of operations of the Funds.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED):

J. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable column in the government-wide financial statements. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical is not available. Donated assets are valued at their fair market value on the date donated. Repairs and maintenance are recorded as expense. Renewals and betterments are capitalized.

Depreciation has been calculated on each class of depreciable property using the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives are as follows:

Classification	Life
Buildings	15 - 40 Years
Equipment	5 - 10 Years
Vehicles	5 - 10 Years
Water and Sewer Assets	5 - 40 Years

In accordance with Accounting Standards Codification (ASC), No. 360, "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets", management reviews property for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of an asset may not be recovered. If the fair value is less than the carrying amount of the asset, an impairment loss is recognized for the difference. No impairment losses have been recognized during the year presented.

K. Net Position

Net Position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets, and adding back unspent proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislations adopted by the Town or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

L. <u>Use of Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

M. Fund Balance Classification

The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the Town is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED):

M. Fund Balance Classification (Continued)

- Non-spendable: This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The Town currently has no non-spendable fund balance.
- Restricted: This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through a debt covenant), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The Town currently has no restricted fund balance.
- Committed: This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Town Commissioners. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Town Commissioners remove or change the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance or resolution) that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements. The Town currently has no committed resources.
- Assigned: This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the Town's intent to be used
 for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent can be expressed by the
 Town Council or through the Town Council delegating this responsibility to the Town manager
 through the budgetary process. This classification also includes the remaining positive fund balance
 for all governmental funds except for the General Fund.
- Unassigned: This classification includes the residual fund balance for the General Fund and the amount established for Minimum Funding, if any. The Unassigned classification also includes negative residual fund balance of any other governmental fund that cannot be eliminated by offsetting of Assigned fund balance amounts.

The Town would typically use restricted fund balances first, followed by committed resources, and then assigned resources, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend unassigned resources first to defer the use of these other classified funds.

N. Subsequent Events

Events and transactions subsequent to year end have been evaluated for potential recognition in the financial statements or disclosure in the notes to the financial statements. All events and transactions have been evaluated through September 25, 2015, the date the report was available for issuance.

NOTE 2 - CASH:

The balance of cash is categorized as follows:

General Fund Checking	\$	989,227
General Fund Petty Cash		100
Vendor Deposits		5
CDARS		663,796
Artist Group		2,710
Savings - Parks and Recreation		1,456
Innovative Health		2,381
Sidewalk Fund		41,946
Town House Fund		58,870
Doug Hanks Memorial Fund		2,503
Custom House Fund		6,067
Money Management - Talbot Bank		560
CD - Talbot Bank		631,497
CD - Bank of America		379,249
Water and Sewer Petty Cash		50
CD - Easton Bank		203,285
	-	
TOTAL CASH IN BANK - (Per Bank Statements and On Hand)	\$	2,983,702
The balance of cash is categorized as follows:		
Amount insured by the FDIC	\$	1,455,742
·	Ψ :=	1,733,772
Collateralized by the financial institutions trust department with securities not in the Town's name	¢	1 527 010
	\$ -	1,527,810
Uncollateralized	\$	150

NOTE 3 - NOTES RECEIVABLE - WATER AND SEWER BONDS:

The Town obtained financing from the Maryland Department of the Environment in 2002 to help with the extension of water and sewer lines to certain Town residents. The residents who benefited from these improvements are repaying the Town in quarterly installments of principal and interest, plus an administrative fee. All of the notes mature in June of 2021 and bear interest at the rate of 2.2%.

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS:

Following is a summary of Capital Asset changes for the current year:

		Balance		4	<u>ASSETS</u>			Balance
		Beginning of Year		Acquisitions	_1	Retirements		End of Year
Land Buildings Equipment Improvements Vehicles Construction In Progress Water and Sewer	\$	20,232 1,119,940 215,427 1,146,838 202,680 3,896,636	\$	50,832 105,769 15,419 17,309 322,213	\$: : : :	\$	20,232 1,119,940 266,259 1,252,607 218,099 17,309 4,218,849
TOTALS	\$	6,601,753	\$	511,542	\$	-	\$ =	7,113,295
		Balance Beginning		ACCUMULA	TED DEPRE	CCIATION		Balance End of
		of Year		<u>Depreciation</u>	<u>,</u>	Retirements		Year
Buildings Equipment Improvements Vehicles Water and Sewer	\$	424,997 165,749 202,986 114,322 2,028,064	\$	29,549 15,813 62,556 27,037 126,693	\$	# 2 2	\$	454,546 181,562 265,542 141,359 2,154,757
TOTALS	\$	2,936,118	\$	261,648	\$	-	\$ =	3,197,766
NET CAPITAL ASS	SETS	<u>S</u>					\$ =	3,915,529
Depreciation expense was	char	ged as direct expe	nse to pro	ograms of the p	rimary gover	nment as follows	s:	
Governmental Activ General Governme Public Safety Public Works Parks and Recreati Enterprise Activity	ent						\$	79,691 14,700 35,690 4,874 126,693
Total Depreciation	on E	xpense					\$ _	261,648

NOTE 5 - DEBT:

Debt consists of the following:

Note Payable - Water Tower - Talbot Bank: \$600,000 unsecured, payable over a thirty year term maturing June 15, 2030, with interest currently at 4.85%. Monthly payments of interest and principal in the amount of \$2,083. The Town has made prepayments of principal on this loan.

\$ 276,274

Note Payable - Water and Sewer System Expansion - Maryland Department of the Environment: \$102,592 unsecured, payable over a twenty year term maturing February 1, 2020, with interest at 2.2%. Annual payments of interest and principal in the amount of \$6,228.

19,611

Note Payable - Water Arsenic Removal - Maryland Department of the Environment: \$757,668 unsecured, payable over a sixteen year term maturing February 1, 2027, with no interest. Annual payments of principal only in the amount of \$47,069.

521,324

TOTAL DEBT

\$ 817,209

Transactions for the year are summarized as follows:

Business-Type Activities		Balance <u>July 1</u>	, <u>4</u>	Additions	ayments or spenditures	Balance June 30	Due within One year
Water Tower System Expansion Arsenic Removal	\$	287,570 24,985 568,393	\$	# #	\$ 11,296 5,374 47,069	\$ 276,274 19,611 521,324	\$ 11,859 5,492 47,069
Total Debt	\$_	880,948	\$	Ē	\$ 63,739	\$ 817,209	\$ 64,420

Maturities of principal and interest over the next five years, and five-year increments thereafter, are as follows:

	<u>C</u>	overnmental- Principal	Тур	e Activities Interest	Business-Ty Principal	ре А	Activities Interest
2016	\$		\$		\$ 64,420	\$	13,567
2017		\ -		8	65,129		12,858
2018		1.50		=	65,513		12,474
2019					63,908		11,259
2020		7.00		#	61,461		10,602
2021 - 2025		0 H		#	318,748		41,570
2026 - 2030		(4:		*	156,875		18,733
2031 - 2035		2,46			21,155		
TOTALS	\$	7921	\$	-	\$ 817,209	\$_	121,063

NOTE 6 - PENSION PLAN:

The Town contributes to the Maryland State Retirement and Pension System (MSRPS) which is a cost sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan. All compensation earned by a member of the Plan is subject to employer pension contributions at an actuarially determined rate. The rate is established by the Board of Pension Trustees on the basis of the most recent actuarial valuation and is adjusted on July 1st of each year. Employer contributions for June 30, 2014 were at the rate of 6.47% of earnings. A deduction is made from each employee's compensation equal to 7% of base pay. Full service pension allowance equals 1.2% of Average Final Compensation (AFC) for the three highest consecutive years as an employee for each year of creditable service accrued prior to July 1, 1998 plus 1.8% of the AFC for the three highest consecutive years as an employee for each year of creditable service accrued on or after July 1, 1998. Members are eligible for full service pension allowances upon accumulating 30 years of eligibility service regardless of age. Absent 30 years of eligibility service, members must meet one of the following conditions to be eligible for full service pension allowances; age 62 with 5 years of eligibility service, age 63 with 4 years of eligibility service, age 64 with 3 years of eligibility service, or age 65 or older and two years of eligibility service. Members may be eligible for reduced vested pension allowances upon attaining age 55 with 15 years of eligibility.

The plan provides for disability and survivor benefits.

During the year ended June 30, 2015, the Town contributed \$61,709 to the plan.

Basis of Accounting - The plan's financial statements have been presented in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The statements have been presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Employer contributions, benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. The plan's fiduciary net position has been determined on the same basis as that used by the plan.

Investments - Investments are reported at fair value.

Actuarial Assumptions - Investment rate of return/discount rate
Projected salary increases
Cost of living adjustments
Inflation rate included

7.65%
3.4% - 11.9% including inflation
3%
2.9% general, 3.4% wage

Mortality rates are based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality table projected to the year 2025.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2014.

Discount Rate - A single discount rate of 7.65% was used to measure the total pension liability. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTE 6 - PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED):

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return were adopted by the Board after considering input from the System's investment consultant(s) and actuary(ies). For each major asset class that is included in the System's target asset allocation, these best estimates are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Rate
Public Equity	4.7%
Fixed Income	2.0%
Credit Opportunity	3.0%
Real Return	2.8%
Absolute Return	5.0%
Private Equity	6.3%
Real Estate	4.5%
Cash and Equivalents	1.4%

The following presents the collective net pension liability (asset) of the plans calculated using the discount rate of 7.65%, as well as what the plans' net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

1% Decrease	\$657,413
Current Discount Rate	\$456,180
1% Increase	\$287,622

The Town's share of the net pension liability (asset) was calculated based on a percentage, the numerator of which is the Town's contribution for June 30, 2014, and the denominator is the total employer contributions for all participating employers. The total plan pension liability (asset) was multiplied by this percentage to arrive at the Town's share. The percentage for June 30, 2014 was .0025705031%. The collective total pension liability (asset) for the June 30, 2014 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014 using the entry age normal actuarial cost method.

<u>Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources</u> - The Town's share of the deferred inflows and outflows of resources are as follows:

Deferred Outflow for Changes in Proportion	\$(6,599)
Deferred Inflow for Projected and Actual Investment Differences	49,932
Deferred Outflow for Contributions after Measurement Date	(61,709)
Net Deferred Outflow of Resources	\$(18,376)

NOTE 6 - PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED):

The components of collective deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, other than the difference between the projected and actual earnings on MSRPS investments, are amortized into pension expense over a closed period, which reflects the weighted average remaining service life of all plan members, beginning the year in which the deferred amount occurs. The amortization period is 5 years for deferred amounts arising in 2014. The annual difference between the projected and actual earnings on investments is amortized over a 5 year closed period beginning the year in which the difference occurs. The cumulative amounts of collective net deferred outflows (inflows) of resources reported as of June 30, 2014 will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending	Amount
6/30/15	\$3,675
6/30/16	\$3,675
6/30/17	\$3,675
6/30/18	\$3,675
6/30/19	\$3,675

The plan is administered in accordance with the State Personnel and Pensions Article of the Annotated Code of Maryland. The Commissioners of Oxford assign the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions of the plans that participate in the MSRPS to the Board of Trustees of the SRPSM. The State of Maryland issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the MSRPS. The report may be obtained by writing to the Maryland State Retirement Agency, 120 East Baltimore Street, Baltimore, MD 21202, or via the internet at www.sra.state.md.us.

NOTE 7 - RISK AND INSURANCE COVERAGE:

The Town has exposure to various kinds of risk. As a vehicle to reduce this exposure the Town has purchased insurance policies from commercial insurance agents. These policies cover property, general liability, auto, workman's compensation, and employee bonding.

NOTE 8 - PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

Due to the implementation of GASB 68, the beginning net position on the government-wide financial statements has been reduced by \$443,039, the deferred outflow of resources for 2014 was increased by \$59,902, and the net pension liability for 2014 was increased by \$502.941.

NOTE 9 - NET POSITION RESTRICTIONS/FUND BALANCE ASSIGNED:

The Town Commissioners designated a capital projects fund in the amount of \$351,977 for future, non-specific improvements.

Contributions for sidewalk improvements are held in a separate account in the amount of \$32,818.

TOWN OF OXFORD SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2015

TOWN OF OXFORD SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION BALANCE SHEETS GOVERNMENTAL FUND JUNE 30, 2015 AND 2014

General Fund

ASSETS	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Cash Accounts Receivable	\$ 1,286,977 34,176	\$ 1,595,569 19,881
Total Assets	\$1,321,153_	\$1,615,450
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES		
Liabilities: Accounts Payable	\$53,051_	\$48,891_
Fund Balance: Assigned Unassigned	384,795 883,307	393,881 1,172,678
Total Fund Balance	1,268,102	1,566,559
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$1,321,153	\$1,615,450

TOWN OF OXFORD SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION - ENTERPRISE FUND JUNE 30, 2015 AND 2014

ASSETS

		2015		2014
Current Assets:	ф	4 504 000	•	4 400 500
Cash Accounts Receivable	\$	1,691,908	\$	1,403,589
Total Current Assets	-	2,119,359		1,557,387
Total Cultent Assets	-	2,117,337		1,337,307
Capital Assets:				
Equipment		1,438,761		1,404,247
Improvements		2,379,033		2,407,849
Vehicles		115,376		84,540
Construction in Progress		285,679		=
Accumulated Depreciation	_	(2,154,757)		(2,028,064)
Total Capital Assets	-	2,064,092	-	1,868,572
Other Assets:				
Notes Receivable - Water and Sewer Bonds	_	13,590	10 —	15,214
Total Assets	\$_	4,197,041	\$	3,441,173
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable	\$	99,218	\$	12,150
Current Portion of Long-Term Debt	•	64,420	Ψ	63,742
Total Current Liabilities	_	163,638	-	75,892
	_	100,000		.0,072
Non-Current Liabilities:				
Long-Term Debt - Net of Current Portion		752,789	2.	817,206
Total Liabilities		916,427	-	893,098
NET POSITION				
NETTOSITION				
Net Investment in Capital Assets		1,246,883		987,624
Unrestricted		2,033,731		1,560,451
Total Net Position		3,280,614	-	2,548,075
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$	4,197,041	\$ _	3,441,173

TOWN OF OXFORD SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION ANALYSIS OF REVENUE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ALL FUND TYPES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

					2015	5				
		Budgete	d Amo	unts				Favorable		
	0	riginal		Final		Actual Amounts		(Unfavorable) Variance		Prior Year 6/30/14
TAXES - LOCAL:		ingiliai	_	Tillat		Actual Amounts		variance	- 1	0/30/14
Real Property Tax:										
Property Taxes	\$	870,912	\$	868,500	\$	870,221	\$	1,721	\$	855,567
Storm Water/Shoreline Property Taxes		100,000		100,000		100,000				
Tax Discount Interest Paid		(1,200)		(6,900)		(6,894)		6		(7,800)
merest Paid	:5	2,700	_	3,300		4,072	Ĉ.	772	-	3,758
TOTAL REAL PROPERTY TAX		972,412	_	964,900		967,399		2,499	-	851,525
Intergovernmental:										
Accommodations Tax		46,000		46,000		50,913		4,913		45,963
Amusement Tax		500		500		637		137		608
Local Income Tax		145,000		79,000		79,424		424		160,426
Highway User		36,179		35,642		35,928		286		34,976
Traders Licenses Tax Revenues - Other						2,504 459		2,504 459		2,620 439
TOTAL INTERGOVERNMENTAL	÷	227,679		161,142		169,865		8,723	-	245,032
LICENSES AND PERMITS:		,,,,,,			-		-		_	
Animal Registration		15		15		23		8		35
Building Permits		6,000		6,000		6,736		736		7,675
Cable Franchise		3,568		3,844		3,844		750		3,568
Port Warden Permits		700		700		500		(200)		850
Licenses and Permits - Other	-	100		100		-	_	(100)	12	500
TOTAL LICENSES AND PERMITS	-	10,383		10,659	_	11,103		444		12,628
REVENUES FROM OTHER AGENCIES:										
Grant - Critical Areas		1,000		1,000		1,000				1,000
Grant - SAPPF Police		14,500		12,625		13,116		491		12,684
Grant - MDE		Circ.		262		256,864		256,864		
Grant - DNR	-				-	53,525	_	53,525	_	2
TOTAL REVENUES FROM OTHER AGENCIES		15,500	_	13,625	-	324,505	_	310,880	_	13,684
REVENUES FROM PROPERTIES:										
Dock Rentals		19,500		18,250		18,446		196		19,720
Parking Permits		1,000		1,000		1,083		83		1,170
Land/Property Leases Town House Rental		30,000 11,700		30,000 11,700		29,725 10,900		(275) (800)		30,490 12,500
	-				-		-		_	
TOTAL REVENUES FROM PROPERTIES		62,200	_	60,950	-	60,154	-	(796)	-	63,880
CHARGES FOR SERVICES: Water and Wastewater Service Charge		600,270		605,000		608,670		3,670		553,973
Connection Fees		200		200		2,800		2,600		575
TOTAL CHARGES FOR SERVICES	-				-		-			
		600,470		605,200	-	611,470	-	6,270	_	554,548
OTHER SERVICES: Interest - Water and Sewer		055		240		501		404		***
Plumbing Permits		955		240		721		481		286
Tower Rental		400		215		642		427		578
Bay Restoration Fee		38,326 35,000		40,958 35,000		36,653 35,354		(4,305) 354		40,958 35,133
TOTAL OTHER SERVICES		74,681		76,413		73,370	_	(3,043)	_	76,955
MISCELLANEOUS REVENUE:					_			(-),/	_	
Christmas Tree Fund		*		475		475		60		890
Play Ball Dog Park				4,250		4,249		(1)		570
Police Fines and Tickets		1,500		1,500		1,385		(115)		1,955
Police Donations		-		3,200		3,200		740		.,,,,,,
Reimbursed Appeals Fees		600		600		600				500
Reimbursed - Other		250		350		362		12		67
Miscellaneous Revenues - Other		-		1,350		1,632		282		3,807
Interest		1,700	_	1,060	-	2,065	_	1,005	_	2,183
TOTAL MISCELLANEOUS REVENUE		4,050	_	12,785	_	13,968	_	1,183	_	9,402
TOTAL REVENUE	\$	967,375	·	1,905,674	\$ =	2,231,834	\$ =	326,160	\$ _	1,827,654

TOWN OF OXFORD SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION ANALYSIS OF EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ALL FUND TYPES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

2015

					1010			_	
	0=	Budgeted Amounts				Favorable			
	Oı	riginal		Final		Actual Amounts	(Unfavorable) Variance		Prior Year 6/30/14
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS GENERAL GOVERNMENT:									
Legislation:									
Commissioners Salary	\$	6,000	\$	6,000	\$	6,000	\$	\$	6,000
Commissioners Expenses		5,000		5,450		5,784	(334		4,415
Election Advertising		800		400		815	(415)	341
Election Salary		200		150		216	(66)	128
Financial Administration:									
Accounting and Auditing Administrative Salaries		5,500		5,500		6,500	(1,000))	6,350
Administrative Salaries		71,000 3,000		70,100 1,500		65,311 2,038	4,789 (538)		67,449
Computer Maintenance and Repair		3,000		3,000		2,406	594	,	4,265 1,074
Copier Services Maintenance and Supplies		3,000		2,500		2,428	72		2,061
Education and Training		4,000		3,000		2,734	266		3,903
Electricity		9,000		9,000		8,037	963		6,767
Legal Fees		57,400		25,000		29,338	(4,338)		48,044
Telephone		4,900		6,000		6,470	(470)		4,840
Internet		645		675		739	(64)		636
Website		500		500		514	(14)		433
Memberships and Dues		5,100		5,100		5,084	16		4,973
Office Supplies		5,000		6,125		4,536	1,589		4,281
Postage		3,000		2,500		1,620	880		3,678
Planning and Zoning		5,000		5,000		5,496	(496)		6,263
Capital Outlay		30,000	_	25,500	_	3,316	22,184		8,949
Total Legislative and Executive		222,045		183,000		159,382	23,618		184,850
Government Properties:									
Municipal Building Maintenance and Repair		14,000		14,000		14,456	(456)		14,285
Town House Maintenance and Repair		3,000		4,500		4,470	30		2,194
Customs House Maintenance and Repair	-	500	_	500	-	400	100	39	437
Total Government Properties		17,500	_	19,000	_	19,326	(326)	- 52	16,916
Other General Government:									
Historic District		2,500		1,800		1,767	33		1,757
Planning Commission		2,500		2,200		2,137	63		2,919
Port Wardens		1,000		3.50		•	*		803
Appeals Board		5,000		5,200		5,177	23		4,334
Community Center In-Kind		10.000		700		659	41		2,498
Community Center Hanks Christmas Trees		10,000		10,000 700		10,000 886	(104)		10,000
Talbot County Arts Council		1,000 1,000		1,000		1,000	(186)		1,397
Oxford Day		2,000		2,000		1,000	1,000		1,000 2,000
Oxford Museum		7,000		7,000		7,232	(232)		7,000
Oxford Library		500		500		500	(202)		,,000
Fireworks		5,000		5,000		6,000	(1,000)		4,000
Oxford Business Association		13,800		13,800	_	19,669	(5,869)		14,015
Total Other General Government	 	51,300		49,900	_	56,027	(6,127)		51,723
Government Shared Expenses:									
Insurance - General		10,000		8,750		10,102	(1,352)		18,004
Insurance - Public Officials				9					4,685
Insurance - Property Flood		1,250		1,900		587	1,313		6,774
Workmens Compensation		9,000		12,250		17,820	(5,570)		10,944
Unemployment		180		200		200	**		135
Employee Benefits		90,000		115,000		125,567	(10,567)		124,119
Payroll Expenses		20,000		20,500		28,663	(8,163)		29,403
Shared Expenses - Other	-	<u>=</u>	5	-	10	70	(70)	-	
Total Government Shared Expenses		130,430		158,600	_	183,009	(24,409)	-	194,064
TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENT		421,275		410,500	_	417,744	(7,244)		447,553

TOWN OF OXFORD SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION ANALYSIS OF EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ALL FUND TYPES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

2015

					2013					
	_	Budget	ted An	nounts	ē	Actual		Favorable (Unfavorable)		Prior Year
	_	Original	_	Final _	_	Amounts		Variance	_	6/30/14
PUBLIC SAFETY:		151050		151.000		160 155		1.000		
Police Salaries Uniforms and Equipment	\$	154,350 5,000	S	154,000 10,000	\$	152,177 9,838	\$	1,823 162	\$	146,619 7,75 7
Vehicle Expense		10,000		10,000		11,504		(1,504)		11,185
Education and Training		3,000		900		2,377		(1,477)		1,806
Telephone and Internet		2,800		3,000		3,149		(149)		2,789
Office Supplies		2,000		2,450		2,512		(62)		1,277
Oxford Fire Department Grant		14,500		14,500		14,500				14,500
Fire Services		· ·		500		500		*		205
Workmens Compensation - Fire Department		22,150		24,571		24,571		*		17,127
Capital Outlay		2,500	-	1,700	-	1,656		44	-	37,059
TOTAL PUBLIC SAFETY	_	216,300		221,621	_	222,784		(1,163)	_	240,324
PUBLIC WORKS:										
Operational Cost:								4		
Shop - Salaries		40,000		45,000		45,367		(367)		55,977
Shop - Telephone		5,000		4,500		4,696		(196)		3,714
Shop - Uniforms Shop - Maintenance and Repair		8,500		9,000		9,255 1,798		(255)		7,936
Shop - Maintenance and Repair Shop - Miscellaneous		3,750 2,000		1,500 2,000		1,798		(298) 727		6,463
Education and Training		2,000		2,000		2,744		(744)		1,795 2,395
Vehicle Operations		13,000		11,000		14,252		(3,252)		14,119
Vehicle Maintenance and Repairs		3,000		2,500		3,410		(910)		2,815
Capital Outlay	-	40,000	_	10,000	_	15,419		(5,419)	1/2	2,015
Total Operational Cost	_	117,250		87,500	_	98,214		(10,714)	-	95,214
Roads Department:										
Streets and Storm Water - Salaries		25,000		25,000		20,001		4,999		39,496
Streets and Storm Water - Maintenance and Repair		15,000		15,000		14,553		447		13,859
Streets - Lighting		35,000		34,000		33,462		538		32,592
Streets - Repaving		100,000		95,000		107,792		(12,792)		-
Snow Removal		3,000		2,075		2,078		(3)		167
Capital Outlay	-				-	_ 9,128		(9,128)	_	
Total Roads Department	-	178,000	-	171,075	-	187,014		(15,939)	-	86,114
Trash Collection:		40.444		22.000		10.00		10 #00		
Trash Collection Salaries		32,000		29,000		18,267		10,733		26,687
Trash Collection - Other		6,850		100		58		42		6,939
Trash Pick Up - Contractor	_	69,000	_	57,000	-	66,210		(9,210)	-	75,057
Total Trash Collection	_	107,850	_	86,100	-	84,535		1,565	-	108,683
Other Public Works:						1.050		0.57		104
Mosquito Control		1,345		1,345		1,258		87		1,345
Sidewalk Repairs	_	5,000	-	5,000	-	5,000	-		-	10,652
Total Other Public Works	_	6,345	-	6,345	-	6,258	-	87	-	11,997
TOTAL PUBLIC WORKS	_	409,445	_	351,020	-	376,021		(25,001)	_	302,008
PARKS AND RECREATION:										
Parks Mowing - Salaries		51,000		51,000		57,460		(6,460)		41,446
Parks Mowing - Maintenance and Repair		3,000		5,000		6,102		(1,102)		4,170
Parks and Recreation Electric		1,000		1,000		1,176		(176)		1,075
Docks/Shoreline - Maintenance and Repair		20,000		14,000		12,693		1,307		12,275
Parks and Recreation Expenses		18,000		17,000		19,821		(2,821)		14,002
Little League		1,500		1,500		65		1,500		806
Parks and Recreation Committee		400		400		14 200		335		497
Capital Outlay - Parks		15,000		15,000		14,299		701		·
Capital Outlay - Boat Landing		20,000		4.250		15,659		(15,659)		9.
Capital Outlay - Dog Park	-		_	4,250	-	41,829		(37,579)	-	
TOTAL PARKS AND RECREATION	_	129,900	_	109,150	-	169,104_		(59,954)	-	74,271
TOTAL GENERAL FUND	_	1,176,920	-	1,092,291	-	1,185,653		(93,362)	-	1,064,156

TOWN OF OXFORD SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION ANALYSIS OF EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ALL FUND TYPES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

2015

			-	2012					
	Ві	dgeted A	Amounts	5			Favorable		
	Origina		Final	_	Actual Amounts		(Unfavorable) Variance	_	Prior Year 6/30/14
ENTERPRISE FUNDS									
Water and Wastewater Administrative Cost:									
Administrative Salaries	\$ 42,		41,000	\$	43,479	\$	(2,479)	\$	39,525
Administrative Expenses		000	3,100		3,686		(586)		2,274
Consulting/Legal Fees	40,		10,000		7,237		2,763		7,600
Depreciation Expense	130,		150,000		126,693		23,307		147,928
Interest on Debt	13,	750_	13,750	_	13,973	,	(223)	_	13,993
Total Water and Wastewater Administrative Cost	228,	750	217,850	_	195,068		22,782	_	211,320
Water and Wastewater Operations:									
Water and Wastewater Salaries	82,		82,000		82,695		(695)		83,634
Electricity	42,	00	43,500		47,306		(3,806)		43,267
Utilities	1,	00	1,400		2,001		(601)		782
Chemicals	10,	000	31,700		31,962		(262)		5,151
Lab Expenses	25,	000	8,500		9,512		(1,012)		12,800
Materials, Tools and Equipment	25,	000	11,700		7,589		4,111		7,803
Arsenic Reduction Media	50,	000			-		-		48,850
Testing Expenses	2,	000	2,000		2,535		(535)		3,674
Supplies			-57		7)		-		14,462
Education and Training	4,	000	3,000		2,562		438		1,606
Maintenance and Repairs	30,	000	27,000		20,092		6,908		23,442
Water Expenses - Other		*	(*)		F:				88
Bay Restoration	34,	000	34,000	_	31,294		2,706	_	31,561
Total Water and Wastewater Operations	305,	000	244,800	_	237,548		7,252	_	277,120
Water and Wastewater Shared Costs:									
Accounting and Auditing	5,.	00	5,500		4,500		1,000		4,400
Advertising	- ,	000	1,500		500		1,000		
Office Supplies		000	2,500		2,420		80		1,929
Insurance - General	10,	000	8,750		7,142		1,608		16,000
Insurance - Property/Flood	1,;	:50	1,900		3,209		(1,309)		1,877
Workmens Compensation	9,0	000	12,250		6,568		5,682		5,000
Employee Benefits	90,	000	60,000		48,209		11,791		49,999
Payroll Expenses	20,	000	18,500		9,550		8,950		9,335
Shop - Maintenance and Repair	3,	50	1,500		1,631		(131)		28
Vehicle Operations	13,	00	11,000		7,400		3,600		7,891
Vehicle Maintenance and Repairs	3,	000	2,500	_	1,700	1	800	_	1,000
Total Water and Wastewater Shared Costs	161,	00	125,900	_	92,829		33,071	_	97,459
Storm Water and Shoreline Costs:									
Storm Water and Shoreline Salaries	30,		27,300		28,694		(1,394)		
Administrative Salaries	10,0	00	6,000		6,858		(858)		*
Payroll Expenses			2,000		2,470		(470)		2
Maintenance and Repairs	10,0	00	10,000		1,092		8,908		2
Trash Pick Up - Contractor		-	12,000		9,145		2,855		
Improvements	150,0	000	50,000	_	38,395		11,605	_	7,947
Total Storm Water and Shoreline Costs	200,0	00	107,300	_	86,654		20,646	_	7,947
TOTAL ENTERPRISE FUND	895,	50_	695,850	_	612,099		83,751	-	593,846
TOTAL EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES	\$2,072,0	70 \$	1,788,141	\$=	1,797,752	\$,	(9,611)	s_	1,658,002



Robert B. Lank, C.P.A. Terrence Johnson, C.P.A. Richard L. Tull, C.P.A.

Gary W. Tuttle, C.P.A. John E. Cullen, Jr., C.P.A. Robert B. Lank, Jr., C.P.A.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Commissioners Town of Oxford, Maryland

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities and each major fund of the Town of Oxford, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Oxford's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 25, 2015.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town of Oxford's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Oxford's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Oxford's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of Oxford's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Seaford, Delaware September 25, 2015

Lank, Johnson + Tull